

# **Cambridge IGCSE**<sup>™</sup>

CANDIDATE NAME					
CENTRE NUMBER			CANDIDATE NUMBER		

# 7460435561

#### **CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL MATHEMATICS**

0607/51

Paper 5 Investigation (Core)

October/November 2020

1 hour 10 minutes

You must answer on the question paper.

No additional materials are needed.

#### **INSTRUCTIONS**

- Answer all questions.
- Use a black or dark blue pen. You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes at the top of the page.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided.
- Do not use an erasable pen or correction fluid.
- Do not write on any bar codes.
- You should use a graphic display calculator where appropriate.
- You may use tracing paper.
- You must show all necessary working clearly, including sketches, to gain full marks for correct methods.
- In this paper you will be awarded marks for providing full reasons, examples and steps in your working to communicate your mathematics clearly and precisely.

#### **INFORMATION**

- The total mark for this paper is 36.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [ ].

This document has 8 pages. Blank pages are indicated.

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[Turn over

## Answer **all** the questions.

### INVESTIGATION

1

# PILING SQUARES

This investigation looks at different ways of piling squares. All the squares are the same size.

Squ	ares are	e piied	ın a p	oattern,	, like t	nis:										
	uare on $1 = 1$ so		ottom	row			es on t		tom ro	W		quares		e botto	om rov	W
(a)	On the	e dotty	pape	r, com	plete tl	ne next	t two d	iagran	ns in th	nis seq	uence.					
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[2]

(b) (i) Complete the table.

Number of squares on the bottom row (s)	1	2	3	4	5	6
Total number of squares ( <i>T</i> )	1	3	6			

[3]

.....[2]

	(ii)	When the number of squares on the bottom row is 3 the total number of squares is 6.
		Use this information to explain how to calculate the total number of squares when there are 4 squares on the bottom row.
		[1]
(c)	(i)	Write down the number of <b>extra</b> squares needed to change a pattern with 9 squares on the bottom row to one with 10 squares on the bottom row.
		[1]
	(ii)	Calculate the <b>total</b> number of squares when there are 10 squares on the bottom row.

(d)	(i)	A formula for finding the total number of squares, T, in terms of the number of squares on the
		bottom row, s, is $T = ks^2 + \frac{1}{2}s$ , where k is a constant.

Use the results in **part** (b)(i) to find the value of k.

|--|

(ii) A pattern has 12 squares on the bottom row. Show that your formula in **part** (i) gives the correct total number of squares.

[3]

1		.1	1													
		on the 2 squa	bottoi ares	m row					ı							
		squar				Heig	ht = 3	on the l square quares	es	n row		2 squa	ragion	tha ba	ottom ro	2117
						10141	I — U S	quares				Height Total =	z = 4  so	quares		)W
(a)	On	the do	tty pap	er, co	mplete	the n	ext dia	agram	in the	sequei	nce.					
•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
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					•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
				_	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
(b)	(i)	Com	plete t	he tab	le.											
			nber o he bot				1	2		3		4	5		6	
		Hei	ght (H	)			2	3		4						

(c) (i) Complete the table.

Number of squares on the bottom row (s)	1	2	3	4	5	6
Total number of squares ( <i>T</i> )	2	6	12			

		[3
	(ii)	Find a formula for the total number of squares, $T$ , in terms of the number of squares on the bottom row, $s$ .
		[4
	(iii)	Find the total number of squares in a pattern with 15 squares on the bottom row.
		[2
(d)		ite down a formula to calculate the number of black squares, $N$ , in a pattern with $s$ squares or bottom row.

(e)		culate the number of white squares, the number of black squares and the total number of ares in a pattern with 50 squares on the bottom row.
		Number of white squares =
		Number of black squares =
		Total number of squares $=$ [3]
<b>(f)</b>	(i)	A pattern of black squares and white squares has 561 black squares. Find the number of squares in the bottom row.
		[3]
	(ii)	Is it possible to have a pattern of black squares and white squares with a total of 480 squares? Give a reason for your answer.
		because
		[3]

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